

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 18

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, April 20, 1933

No. 1

Acadia Produce Company

FREE! FREE!
FREE!

At 4 p.m.
April 29th
we are giving
away a 6x9

Congoleum
Rug

To any person guessing
the nearest to the number
on the rug. "Get your
entry blank" and win the
Rug.

Acadia Produce
Company



CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, April 23, 1933.
Service at 3 30 p.m.

Subject: "Joy on the Dotted
Line." Watch for Mothers' Day
announcement. You are cordially
invited to all services and will en-
joy them.

Sunday School every Sunday
at 11 a.m.

Pastor, I. D. Woolfitt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH

Service Second Sunday Every Month,
Mass at 9 a.m.

FARMERS!

Red Head Oils and Greases

Are distributed by your own organization, and you
share in the profits.

Remember, every purchase of Red Head products
is a boost for your organization.

We have a complete stock of automobile and tractor
oils as well as greases.

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10, Chinook

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at
Reasonable Prices

Open for business at all times
except Mondays

Miss Mae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Chinook Barber Shop

Razors shaved - 25c
Scissors sharpened on rotex sharpener, 25c

Try Booster, our guaranteed
dandruff remedy

H. W. BUTTS,
Proprietor

Send us your news items—we
are always glad to receive them.

While Getting Ready for Spring
Work You Will Need:

**Sweat Pads, Bolts,
Greases, Fork Handles,
Snaps, Etc.** Let us supply your needs

Banner Hardware

Fresh and Cured Meats
Home-Cured Hams and Shoulders

COLD LAKE

FRESH FISH

FIRST-CLASS QUALITY LARD

Chinook Meat Market

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

Three Lives Lost in Prairie Fire

(Special Dispatch in the Calgary Herald.)
Drumheller, April 15. — A prairie fire, starting at noon and sweeping across country in the Rowley-Morrin district on Friday, took three lives, laid bare twenty-five miles of country and razed five farmsteads.

The dead are: Mrs. Oscar Devalerola, who died on Saturday morning in Drumheller hospital, and her two daughters, Margaret 17, and Ellen 10.

Homes were reported burned on the Clark, McCrae, Pennock, J. Lawrence and S. Cousens farms, while a vast amount of farm machinery and at least one horse was destroyed.

A wall of fire and smoke jumped across a trail about five miles north-west of Morrin when the car in which the three victims were riding and which was driven by the father, Oscar Devalerola, stalled in a swampy dip. The girls, with their mother, alighted while the driver frantically sought to release the vehicle.

Sparks set their clothing afire and sent the girls into a panic. Heedless of the calls of their mother, who dashed after them in a heroic effort to save them, they ran directly into the thickest of the smoke, the elder being fatally overcome only a few yards away from the car, while the ten-year-old girl was lost to sight over a small hill. She was later found dead 100 yards away.

The mother fell unconscious as she reached her eldest daughter, and by the time she was rescued most of her clothing had been burned. She was unconscious and suffering acutely from burns and shock.

Devalerola, who remained in the car and was unable to see the tragedy which was being enacted a few yards ahead due to the density of the smoke, was uninjured nor was the car damaged. Had the victims remained in the car the fire would have passed on within a few minutes leaving them uninjured as the wind veered suddenly.

Criticism of Nazis Rouses German Government

(From the London Times Special Service, Copyright, in Calgary Herald.)

London, April 15 — Furious attacks on Sir Austen Chamberlain and other British members of parliament for their denunciations of Nazi outrages have appeared in the German press and the German ambassador in London has made protest to the British foreign office.

Slight Hope Fair Strike May Be Averted

(By United Press in Calgary Herald.)

Milwaukee, Wis., April 18. — Some slight hope of averting the threatened strike of 150,000 Wisconsin farmers in May was expressed Tuesday by state leaders, who were to confer here tonight at an arbitration meeting.

Leaders of the State Holiday Association and the milk pool continued to place responsibility for the strike squarely upon the law makers in Washington and Madison.

Japs Advance into Treaty Area

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Peiping, China, April 17 — Bombing planes and heavy artillery went into action on a big scale on Monday as Japanese troops sent the entire Chinese army in the coast region of North China proper fleeing to the south bank of the Luan river.

It was the first extensive Japanese advance into the Peiping Tientsin international treaty area, where there are considerable British and other foreign interests. The Luan river is 65 miles southwest of Shanhaikwan and only 100 miles from Tientsin.

Canada's Favorable Trade Balance \$67,693,483

(By Canadian Press in Calgary Herald.)

Ottawa, April 18 — Canada ended the last fiscal year with an export trade balance of \$67,693,483. Domestic exports for the twelve months ended March 31st, last, totalled \$473,907,455 as against \$406,213,972 imports.

At the end of the preceding year the Dominion had an import balance of \$7,148,580. The value of total importations then was \$578,492,884 and of domestic exports \$576,344,302.

Statistics issued by the department of national revenue show total trade of Canada for the fiscal year just ended suffered a decline of \$279,023,130 as compared with the previous fiscal year.

Think Wreck of Akron Is Discovered

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Washington, April 18. — The United States navy department on Tuesday received a message from Captain Herbert F. Leary, commander of the cruiser Portland, saying: "Believe Akron located."

The message came shortly after noon, a little after reports from the naval tug Sagamore had reported that grappling operations at the scene of the airship's fall had located a large sunken object.

Peyton News

Quite a large crowd attended church at Peyton crowd on Easter Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Allen and family and Mr. and Mrs. H. Allen and family were guests at the Warren home on Sunday.

Miss Julia Peyton and her brothers Richard and Leo, Mr. and Mrs. Bjornrud and Norma and Melvin Johnson were guests at the Ray Robinson home on Sunday.

Miss Marshall is spending the Easter holidays in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutchison entertained Mr. and Mrs. R. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. McKinnon, Estelle and Jessie, and Mr. and Mrs. McLennan on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobson and two sons were entertained at the McPherson home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Rudy and Mr. and Mrs. Kjembus were

AUCTION SALE

Having received instructions from the owner, who is shortly leaving for the East, I will sell by public auction at the residence of Mrs. W. A. Hurley, Chinook, on

Sat., April 29th, 1933

Commencing at 1 p.m., a comprehensive list of

Household Goods and Furniture

TERMS CASH

Mrs. W. A. Hurley - - - Owner
Clyde Stauffer, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE!

Mrs. Gertrude Thompson who is soon moving to Calgary, will sell at Mrs. W. A. Hurley's auction sale at the Hurley residence, Chinook, on

Sat., April 29th, 1933

Commencing at 1 p.m., the following

Furniture and Household Goods

One Piano, one Buffet, one Book Case, one Dresser, one Washstand, two Belsteads with Coil Springs, one Mattress, one Heater Stove, one Linoleum Rug size 10x12, one Linoleum Rug size 9x9, four Rocking Chairs, one Arm Chair, five Kitchen Chairs, one Dining Table, one Kitchen Table, two Lamps, and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS CASH

Mrs. Gertrude Thompson, Owner

Subscribe for The Chinook Advance

guests at the Ole Rudy home on Sunday.

People in this district are trying to get started with the spring work.

Collholme News

Mr. and Mrs. N. D. McKinnon, Mr. and Mrs. A. McLennan and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stewart were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Hutchison.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Lawrence were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wilson.

Mrs. Estelle McKinnon spent the Easter holidays at the home of her parents.

Miss Gladys McCall, of Calgary, is spending the summer at the home of her aunt, Mrs. N. D. Stewart.

Mrs. W. W. Wilson returned last Monday from Calgary, where she had been spending a few days. She also visited her sister, Mrs. C. Brown, at Black Diamond.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern.....	4.35
2 Northern.....	.33
3 Northern.....	.31 1-2
No. 4.....	.30
No. 5.....	.27 1-2
No. 6.....	.26 1-2
Feed.....	.24

OATS

2 C. W.....	.12 1-2
3 C. W.....	.9 1-2
Feed.....	.9

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district Send it in.

House Painting Paper Hanging Inside Decorations

See Our Latest
Samples
Wall Paper

Prices Reasonable...
W. J. Gallagher Chinook

CHINOOK HOTEL

High-Class Cuisine—Comfortable
Rooms

Attentive and Courteous Service.

Dance Every Saturday Night Starting 9 p.m.

GUS COOK - - - - - PROPRIETOR

The Maria, a fish that is plentiful in Lake Winnipeg, is sometimes called the fresh-water ling.

For sale at all drug and general stores
Toronto, Ont.

I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to give me much relief, but after I had taken Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I could hardly believe the change they had made in my condition."

ADMITS GUILT IN SOVIET CHARGE OF SABOTAGE

Moscow, Russia.—W. H. MacDonald, one of the six British engineers who went on trial on charges of sabotage, bribery and espionage, made a double admission he was guilty.

He entered a plea of guilty when the session opened. The first witness recalled a detailed story MacDonald had bribed him to act as a spy, and the young Briton confirmed almost all of this testimony.

The other Britons on trial—Allan Monkhouse, Charles Nordwell, L. C. Thornton, W. A. Gregory and John Cushman—all pleaded not guilty. Eleven Russian employees of the Metropolitan-Vickers Electrical Company, for which all of the Britons worked, pleaded guilty.

In London official circles MacDonald's plea did not come as a surprise, for it was considered the result of his long solitary confinement and the methods of questioning employed by the Soviet police, described by the British as "third degree" methods.

The other Britons pleaded not guilty to an indictment which is based upon the testimony of a woman named Kutuzova. She said they all were spies, that they had bribed Russians for information which they sent to England, and that they had systematically damaged important Russian industrial plants.

The 11 Russian employees of the company includes one woman. They pleaded guilty.

Their trial started in "October Hall," the house of the trades unions, which was guarded closely by uniformed and bayoneted soldiers stationed inside and outside the court room.

"October Hall" was crowded to its capacity of approximately 500. Spectators were admitted only by card.

Four judges, one of whom is an alternate, were seated on the red-draped table on an elevated dais, back of which stood a squad of uniformed soldiers.

The prisoners were seated in a dock to the right and behind the judges, with two soldiers, with bayonets fixed, standing immediately in front of them.

Nine defence attorneys were in court, five of them representing the Englishmen.

To the left sat sandy-haired and bespectacled Prosecutor Audrey Vishinsky. He had one assistant.

Monkhouse, Nordwell, Thornton, Gregory and Cushman first filed in, followed by the remainder of the prisoners, who had been kept in custody. (All of the British subjects except MacDonald had been released on bail).

Lower Trade Barriers

Move To Facilitate Trade Between Canada and U.S.

New York.—A despatch to The New York Herald-Tribune from its Washington correspondent, says a survey suggesting a possible basis of agreement to lower trade barriers between the United States and Canada has been completed at the United States capital.

The despatch goes on to say that an exhaustive American examination of the present commerce with the northern (Canadian) border brought Washington officials to the conclusion the United States could lower its tariffs on Canadian cattle, fish and lumber in return for Dominion concessions in customs regulations and methods of valuation, and in the Canadian duties on American coal, steel, machinery, chemicals and an impressive list of manufactured articles.

Chicago Teachers Parade

Chicago.—Chanting "We want cash!" more than 1,000 demonstrators paraded through the Loop here in protest of non-payment of school teachers, stormed the offices of the board of education, and smashed their way through a door before seeing Gov. Taylor, board president. The city owes teachers some \$28,000, 300 in back pay.

Unable To Speak

Oak Park, Ill.—The parents of Miss Patricia Maguire, 13, with sleeping sickness since February, 1932, reported a fifth injection of serum, prepared from the blood of victims who have recovered from the disease, caused a marked improvement in the girl's muscular activity, but that she was still unable to speak.

W. N. U. 1930

Akron Naval Inquiry

Evidence Indicates That Mammoth Dirigible Broke In Mid-Air Lakehurst, N.J.—A picture of the mammoth dirigible Akron dropping through darkness with its bow up at an angle of 35 degrees and hitting the water with a crash "like stepping on a penny box of matches," was given the United States naval court of inquiry here.

With the picturesque words of a sailor, Moody Erwin, aviation metallurgist second class, told the story of the flight that cost 73 lives. Erwin was one of three survivors of the disaster.

Erwin joined Richard E. Deal, bowswain, in telling of the breaking of longitudinal girders, and the steep incline of the ill-fated airship following what both described as a terrific "gust of wind."

Both, too, testified the first break in the structure of the ship occurred in the air following the gust they described, whereas Lieutenant-Commander H. V. Wiley, the third survivor, changing his opinion, said the ship's framework did not break until the Akron struck the water. The break described by the two enlisted men was in longitudinal girders, on the right hand side, midway between the bottom and top.

Curb Reckless Skiing

More Stringent Regulations In Mountain Areas Are Recommended Banff, Alberta.—Curbing of reckless skiing in mountain areas was sought as a consequence of the inquiry into the death of Dr. R. E. C. Paley, English scientist, who was killed in a fall from Fossil mountain while skiing over prohibited area.

A coroner's jury concluded its work with the finding Dr. Paley came to his death through misadventure while trying to traverse a steep snow slope on Fossil mountain. It added a rider the federal parks department draft stringent regulations governing skiing expeditions from all camps.

What action would be taken to safeguard skiers within park limits was unknown here. Regulations barring skiers from certain dangerous areas are now in force and all skiers are warned of the prohibited areas by club officials on arrival at the camps. It was expected the department at Ottawa would obtain recommendations from the numerous ski clubs with a view to implementing local regulations.

H.B. Co. Report

Improvement Is Shown Over Last Year In Annual Statement

London, Eng.—Substantial improvement over last year is shown in the annual report of the Hudson's Bay Company, Limited, for the year ended January 31, although a trading loss of \$225,324 is reported after the allocation of \$109,381 to depreciation. Appropriate provision has been made for losses in respect of investments and also against stock values. In addition, the report states, \$106,297 has been provided against losses on sales and the disposal of properties. It has been decided to release properties which have become superfluous, although such sales may involve a book loss. Some of these properties were sold during the current year. Provision has, therefore, been made for the losses incurred and a reserve set up against further anticipated losses in this connection.

Letter Of Forgiveness

Toronto, Ont.—In behalf of a group of Toronto clergy, a letter of forgiveness has been sent to John A. Macchray at Stony Mountain penitentiary, to which he was sentenced to seven years for theft of funds from the University of Manitoba. Rev. H. F. Woodcock said the Oxford group had brought a "change of heart" to himself and fellow clergy, and it was decided to send a letter of forgiveness to Macchray for the loss of church funds in his custody.

Reindeer Trek Almost Ended

Ottawa, Ont.—The long trek of Canada's reindeer herd from western Alaska to the Mackenzie River delta is nearly ended. Hon. T. G. Murphy, minister of the interior, said recently the herd, which has been travelling since December, 1929, has arrived at the west bank of the Mackenzie River at the delta where it flows into the Arctic ocean.

Duties Against Cattle From Ireland

London, Eng.—A new scale of specific duties for live cattle for food imported from the Irish Free State was imposed by a treasury order. In future such cattle, instead of paying 10 per cent. ad valorem per head, will be divided into five classes.

Mounties For Saskatchewan

Unit Of Thirty-Five Sent From Training School At Regina, Saskatoon.—Thirty-five mounted R.C.M.P. men arrived by train from the training school at Regina, headquarters for Saskatchewan.

Under the command of Inspector L. J. Sampson, there are two corporals and 32 men in the group. All have horses, brought here in three horse cars over the Canadian Pacific Railway.

According to an official statement the Mounties were brought here to complete their training by mounted patrol work in districts tributary to Saskatoon. All the men have been billeted in a local hotel and their mounts have been stabled in a west side barn. Non-commissioned officers among the new arrivals are Corporals J. Hellefs and P. Cleary.

Currency Depreciation

Secretary For Dominions Refers To Situation In Austria's and New Zealand

London, Eng.—J. H. Thomas, Secretary for the Dominions, told the House of Commons he does not think the depreciation of the Australian and New Zealand currencies were deliberate breaches of the agreements signed at Ottawa during the Imperial Economic Conference. Mr. Thomas said he did not think the question appropriate for the British government to make representations on. It was suggested it was done to help trade of those countries.

INDIA WILL END TRADE TREATY WITH JAPAN

New Delhi, India.—The government of India announced steps had been taken to end the trade convention with Japan signed in 1905. The government has given Japan six months' notice of termination of the "most favored nation" clause of the convention.

Removal of Japan from the list of nations enjoying "most favored nation" treatment in the Indian customs tariff schedules is a protective measure to offset dumping, it was explained by Sir Joseph Blore, commerce member of the viceroy's executive council.

The announcement was made while the legislative assembly was discussing Sir Joseph's motion for consideration of an anti-dumping bill.

The minister explained abrogation of the treaty with Japan was intended to offset the effect of special conditions such as Japan's depreciated currency, and other factors which resulted in the dumping of goods in this country at abnormally low rates.

India's greatest customer in recent years for her cotton has been Japan, but this is exported in the natural state and a great part of it is re-imported in cotton piece goods, Japan has gradually increased her advantage over the United Kingdom in selling cotton piece goods to India.

AKRON SURVIVORS IN WASHINGTON



Claude Swanson, United States Secretary of the Navy, is pictured as he congratulated Lieutenant-Commander Herbert Wiley and his two fellow-survivors, Richard E. Deal and Moody Erwin (background), on their narrow escape from death in the Akron disaster. The men flew from New York to Washington to give their official version of the catastrophe. They were referred to by Secretary Swanson as "members of as gallant a crew as ever served in the United States Navy."

ATTACKS SOVIET BILL



Sir Stafford Crapps, former Solicitor-General in the MacDonald Socialist Government, who declared himself opposed to the emergency bill passed by the British House, which gave wide powers to deal with the Soviet in the event that the forthcoming trial of six British subjects did not end satisfactorily. The bill received its third reading with a large majority.

No War Pension Reduction

To Effect Desired Economies Without Disrupting Present System

Ottawa, Ont.—No reduction in war pensions, but enactment of legislation which would effect desired economies without disrupting the present pension situation is under consideration by the government. Proposals that the income tax be applied to pensions and that, after a definite "deadline," no more dependents be added to the pensions list have replaced the government's move to suspend payment of pension to war-pensioners in the civil service.

The new plan is understood to have the approval of representatives of the Associated Veterans now in conference here. According to the service men, the chief merit of the new economy lies in the fact that it will not affect existing pensioners, or at all events only those whose income is sufficiently large to bring them under the operations of the Income Tax. The small-salaried pensioners would not be disturbed.

British Exports

Trade Figures Show Evidence Of Business Revival

London, Eng.—An improvement in British exports for March is announced.

Preliminary board of trade figures gave the March export total as \$32,351,000, as compared with \$27,925,000 for February, and \$31,196,000 for March last year.

Imports show \$50,346,000, as compared with \$40,077,000 in February and \$31,181,000 in March, 1932.

Death Of Scientist

Lausanne.—Julius Piccard, father of Dr. Auguste Piccard, explorer of the stratosphere, died here at the age of 93. He was a professor of chemistry in the University of Basel 40 years and was widely known for his scientific works.

Horse Breeders' Subsidy

Bonus To Assist Farm Horse Industry In Saskatchewan

Ottawa, Ont.—A bonus to owners of stallions in the province of Saskatchewan in which the Dominion and provincial governments will cooperate on a 50-50 basis was announced by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture.

"The scarcity of good stallions in the prairie provinces and the shift by farmers from motor traction to the use of horses has made it necessary to assist the horse-breeding industry. Because of conditions in the west with low grain prices many farmers found it difficult to finance the operations of tractors and in the spring of 1932 various horse breeders of the three prairie provinces approached Mr. Weir urging him to give to stallions which passed federal inspection.

"Each department agrees to pay 50 per cent. of grants to clubs formed this year under the federal club policy. They also agree to pay premiums to owners of all stallions which are not clubbed but that passed inspection by federal inspectors in 1932, and those that pass federal inspection this year," the statement reads.

The Soo Dominion

New Train To Operate Between Chicago and Vancouver

Chicago.—Co-ordination of railway services to the west to eliminate duplication will be undertaken with inauguration June 1 of the "Soo Dominion," a train to travel over the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, the Soo Line and the Canadian Pacific.

The train is intended to serve the Canadian Rocky region between Chicago and Vancouver.

R. Thomson, passenger traffic manager of the Northwestern road, said the co-ordination of train service between the Soo line and the Northwestern was "new to this region and is expected to prove beneficial to both roads."

The train will operate over the Chicago and Northwestern to St. Paul, over the Soo line to Port Huron, where it will be delivered to the Canadian Pacific, Thomson said.

HITLER APPOINTS NAZI LEADERS AS GOVERNORS

Berlin, Germany.—Chancellor Adolf Hitler has added the post of governor of Prussia to his duties and immediately appointed Hermann Wilhelm Goering, one of the principal Nazi leaders and minister without portfolio in the federal cabinet, to serve as premier of the state.

The Hitler appointment as governor was approved by the cabinet, which also named General Franz von Epp, another Nazi, to serve as governor of Bavaria. The general has been acting as federal commissioner for that state.

Captain Goering, who is in Rome at present, is expected to present his Prussian cabinet list to the chancellor when he returns.

German scientists were angry about a letter written by Professor Albert Einstein from Belgium to the Prussian Academy of Sciences. In this letter, dated April 5, Professor Einstein described present day Germany as being "in a state of mass psychosis."

A report from Cologne said the Rhenish and Westphalian sections of the German People's party, which was founded by Dr. Gustav Stresemann, has decided to disband and urge its members to join the Nazi party. This was believed to spell the doom of the party, whose national executive committee will meet May 7.

The government published a law under which the terms of lay judges and jurymen will expire June 30, 1933, instead of ending normally December 31, 1934.

This means the ousting of both panels of Jews and Communists, and presently also Socialists.

The same law prescribes the expiration on June 30 of the terms of office of all commerce courts judges.

An official denial was given here to reports in the Stockholm newspaper Social-Demokraten, which said that 247 persons, including 17 Nazis, 14 Jews and 216 Communists and Socialists had been slain in Germany from the time of the Reichstag fire, February 27, until March 25.

The denial says: "The total political slain in March was not one-tenth thereof."

LARGEST WHEAT CARRY-OVER IN HISTORY OF WEST

Ottawa, Ont.—Eagerly awaited, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics crop report last week, estimated total stocks of wheat in Canada on March 31 as 312,819,144 bushels.

This is 66,665,571 bushels more than at the corresponding time last year.

While this increase is impressive, the report explains last year's crop exceeded that of the previous year by a much greater amount.

Taking into account the amount of wheat which will be needed for use in Canada, seed grain, feed grain, etc., and estimating that 161,000,000 bushels will be exported between April 1 and July 31, the end of the present crop year, the bureau calculates Canada will have a carry-over into the next crop year which begins on Aug. 1 of around 156,000,000 bushels.

Such a carry-over would be the largest in the history of Canada. The record so far was in 1931 when the total was 134,078,963 bushels. Last August the carry-over was 131,844,846 bushels.

The report estimates 19 per cent. of last year's crop of wheat is still in the farmers' hands, which amounts to 80,037,000 bushels. This is the same percentage as last year, although a greater volume, because of the heavier crop last summer.

C.N.R. Loan

Railway Committee Passes Bill Authorizing Sum For Requirement

Ottawa, Ont.—With a minimum of discussion, the special railway committee of the House passed a bill authorizing the Canadian National to borrow \$13,058,600 for refunding requirements for the calendar year 1933 and authorizing the minister to loan the railways \$47,941,300 to meet the railway's net income deficit for the year.

R. B. Hanson, Conservative member for York-Sunbury, was elected temporary chairman. Hon. J. D. Chaplin, Cons., Lincoln, probably will be the permanent chairman.

The committee decided to override one recommendation of the Duff royal commission on transportation. When the next meeting is held, S. J. Hunsford, acting president of the Canadian National, and possibly one or more officials of the system, will be present when the annual budget is discussed. The Duff commission suggested no officials appear before the committee.

Chairman Hanson, speaking about railway officials being present, said the recommendation of the Duff commission was a "slap in the face" to the committee. Personally he believed the work of the committee last year had saved many millions of dollars for the taxpayers of the country.

Calgary Mill Rate

Property Tax For 1933 Set At Fifty Mills

Calgary, Alberta.—City council last night approved a property tax rate of 50 mills and asked the commissioners to redraft 1933 estimates on this basis.

Previously Mayor Davidson feared the mill rate would be set at 53, the highest in the city's history, but council last night instructed the commissioners to lower the rate by one mill compared with last year.

Alberta House Prorogues

Close Of Third Session Of Seventh Legislature

Edmonton, Alberta.—After putting 65 new acts on the statute books of this province, the provincial legislature was prorogued April 11th, by Hon. W. L. Walsh, Lieutenant-Governor.

The speech of his honor brought to a close the third session of the seventh legislature of Alberta which opened on February 9, just over two months ago.

Demand New Trial

New York.—The International Labor Defence League announced petitions to be presented to President Roosevelt would be nationally circulated demanding a new trial for Harry Wood Patterson, convicted at Decatur, Ala., in the "Scottsboro case." Patterson said he expected 1,000,000 signatures to the petitions within a week.

Special Appeal To Women

Australia's Safety Council Hopes To Prevent Accidents In Home

The National Safety Council of Australia makes in letters a special appeal to women everywhere. The last letter has reference to the frequency of scalding accidents to children, due to the careless handling of utensils containing boiling water or other liquids. A common cause of such accidents is the practice of putting boiling water into the bath and then turning away to obtain towels, or to get cold water to add to the hot water instead of putting in cold water first. A child recently swallowed the safety pin and chain attached to its "comfort" and died. Why a "comfort" at all?

The safety council refers specially to the danger of cleaning nappa gloves with petrol, and a case is cited in which the cleaning of silk gloves led to severe burning. But the risk is equally great with any kind of gloves, and with any material if it is rubbed when wet with petrol. Women will be very grateful to anyone who finds a substitute for petrol in cleaning that requires a large quantity of the cleaning agent. Dry cleaning by an expert is too expensive to be indulged in frequently, and there are few materials used for women's good dresses or coats that will neither fade nor shrink when washed; some form of home cleaning is therefore necessary. Then there is the danger of inhaling the fumes, which may have serious effects. It is important to do all petrol cleaning out of doors. The price of safety is incessant vigilance and care.

Cannot Finance Himself

High Priest Of Technocracy Is Completely Down and Out

Howard Scott, high priest of technocracy, who was going to put the whole country on its feet, cannot get on his own. He testifies in court that he cannot pay from \$9,000 to \$4,000 to about a dozen creditors, because he has no money. He is wearing a hat and his bed clothes. He is no worse off than millions of others, but he is on the wrong side of the street. "My friends," he says, "have to support me." If he can show us how he does it, we can get him lots of customers.

The late John Dodge once received a call from an "efficiency engineer," who promised to save him \$100,000 by reorganizing his automobile plant.

"Did you ever make \$100,000 running a plant?"

"I can't say that I have," was the reply.

"Then get 'ell out of here,"

Curtain.—Detroit Saturday Night.

Less Space Required

Cattle Weighing 1,000 Lbs. Or Less Get Reduced Freight Rate

Canadian cattle weighing 1,000 pounds or under get a 10 per cent. reduction from the \$12-a-head rate on ships to the United Kingdom, it was explained by G. B. Rothwell, Dominion livestock commissioner. Mr. Rothwell appeared before the senate committee recently and press reports of his evidence caused some confusion.

In his statement Mr. Rothwell explained that it is possible under present regulations, to accommodate five cattle of lighter weights in the space required for four cattle of heavier weights.

New Line Of Research

Theory That Tarred Roads Cause Cancer Being Considered

Tar on surfaced roads has been put forth by Dr. J. Shelton Horsley of Richmond, Va., as one of the plausible causes for cancer in North America.

"Ridiculous as it sounds, the theory is being given serious consideration by science," said Dr. Horsley, a director of the American Society for the control of cancer, in an interview.

"It has been demonstrated that painting the ears of rabbits with tar over a long period of time will produce cancer."

"It is barely possible that the tar particles in the air over highways can cause cancer by settling in the skin or by lodging in the mouth, nose or throat."

The Detroit River is sometimes called the Durdanelles of the New World.

"Deck Dances on Cruise," states a headline. We have been on ships like that, too.

W. N. U. 1990

Worth Striving For

Premium Of One Dollar Offered For Select Bacon Hogs

In growing bacon hogs, it is necessary to always keep in mind the "select" type and aim toward that goal. The select bacon hog is the best grade on the market and represents the type of hog which will produce a carcass suitable for export as Wiltshire sides. At the present time, the premium of one dollar for "selects" represents a sufficient percentage of the total value of the hog to make it well worth striving for.

To produce hogs profitably it is not only necessary to produce just as many select hogs as possible, but they must be grown and fattened economically. This necessitates the use of cheap efficient feeds, and in most cases requires that the coarse grains and fattening feeds be grown at home. The feeding of hogs often helps materially in the marketing of low quality grain at a substantial price.

Good feeding practices must be adhered to in order to produce suitable type bacon hogs economically. Use growing feeds during the early stages of the pig's life and broaden the ration and feed more of the fattening feeds as the hogs approach market weight. Of the grains, oats is the popular growing feed, while barley and wheat are more commonly used for fattening purposes.

In addition to the basic feeds, it is necessary to provide certain supplemental feeds in order to achieve best results. Protein in the form of skim milk or buttermilk should be a part of the ration. Tankage or fish meal may replace these if the milk by-products are unobtainable or scarce. Minerals, too, should be supplied daily in order to supply the nutrients necessary for growth and skeleton formation.

The Division of Animal Husbandry, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, recently published a pamphlet, "Rations for Economical Pork Production." This pamphlet contains full information on feed mixtures for swine of various ages and may be procured free of charge.

Women More Sensible

In Making Will

Men Think It Hastens Death Declares Lady Lawyer

"Women are more sensible in the making of wills than men," said Miss Mildred McMurray, addressing a gathering of women in Winnipeg. "When a man has drawn up a will, he thinks he is going to die. Women look at the matter more practically." Two kinds of laws were in force in Manitoba, she explained. A person may write out his own will, date it, sign his name, and the instructions will be carried out. The will drawn in a lawyer's office, with two witnesses, is for more complicated bequests. Be sure to keep the wording very simple, if you're going to write your own will, warned the lady lawyer, like this: "All my property, of every kind, I leave to my dearly beloved wife, Sarah Jane." If specifications are added about the children when they reach the age of 21, litigations of long duration follow.

Women in Quebec are less free than in other provinces in the owning of property, Miss McMurray continued. In Manitoba, property is held under the land titles system, with the province assuming the responsibility for the correctness to the title. Joint ownership, she explained, is a system of owning property between man and wife, with the last survivor getting the property. This system precludes the possibility of making a will.

Under the Dower Act, a woman of Manitoba may receive a third of her husband's estate at his death, but this share must not exceed \$100,000. In Saskatchewan a woman can sell her house without her husband's consent, but this is not the case in Manitoba.

Has Strange Prerogative

The Tichborne, whose annual dote ceremony takes place in early spring on their Hampshire estates, have a strange prerogative. The head of the family may ride in the Westminster Abbey on a horse on the occasion of a King's coronation. James II. granted this "unusual privilege. The dote ceremony consists of the distribution of bags of flour to all tenants working on the Tichborne estates. Neglect of the ceremony is supposed to entail endless law lark.

"You don't like my singing lessons. But you would be pleased if I became a star."

"Yes—the nearest is 15,000,000 miles away."

Man is midway between an atom and the smallest star in size.

AUSTRALIAN ARTIST PAINTS POPULAR DUCHESS



The portrait of the Duchess of York, which has just been completed by James Quinn, famous Australian artist, is to be exhibited at the Royal Academy Summer Exhibition. The portrait shows the Duchess in a simple white-collared black frock, with a mauve-lined coat flung carelessly over the back of her chair. Mr. Quinn is shown standing beside his work.

Starts On Secret Mission

Mystery Again Surrounds Trip Of Master Locksmith To Europe

Charles Courtney, master locksmith of New York, has gone on his second mission to Europe within a year to aid in a treasure hunt.

Just what the present hunt is, however, was the subject of a mystery as the one last June when he sailed on what later proved to be a trip to aid in opening treasure chests about the sunken liner "Egypt."

Neither Courtney nor anyone else connected with the present trip would talk about it. It was recalled that when he returned from the liner "Egypt" adventure last year, there were reports he would sail again this spring to take part in treasure salvage operations on the "Lusitania," the Lusitania sunk by a German submarine off Kinsale, Ireland, in May, 1915.

An even more fantastic speculation concerning Courtney's present trip is that it might have to do with efforts to locate the British cruiser "Hampshire" which carried Earl Kitchener to his death when it was sunk off the West Indies Islands in June, 1915.

Kitchener was en route to Russia on a secret mission. Nothing made public at the time or after the sinking of the cruiser, however, contained any intimation the warship carried treasure.

Alberta Hog Marketings

More Than 34 Per Cent. Of Marketings For All Canada In 1932

A heavy year in hog marketings was recorded in 1932 in Alberta, which has now come to be recognized as one of Canada's hog provinces. More than 1,000,000 head went to market from the farms, or more than 34 per cent. of the total of all Canada's hog marketings for the year. Three years ago Alberta's total hog marketings amounted to only 25.6 per cent. of Canada's total. Last year more than 580,000 head of live hogs were shipped out of the province, mostly to eastern Canada, while 425,000 head were slaughtered within the province.

Graves have been found in the Eifel district of Germany of 8,000 members of a Celtic tribe which, it is believed, was entirely destroyed by Julius Caesar in 53 B.C.

Causes Of Mental Trouble

Health Bulletin Says Fifty Per Cent. Caused By Environment

An appeal to every intelligent Canadian citizen to inform himself regarding the facts relating to mental health and to prepare to co-operate in an effective plan to combat mental disorder is made in a recent number of Mental Health, monthly bulletin of the Mental Hygiene Institute, Montreal. It is pointed out that there were 30,448 patients in Canadian mental hospitals on January 1, 1932, and by December 31 of that year the number had risen to 32,059, an increase of 1,611.

"Apparently 50 per cent. of the mental problems receiving attention in special hospitals belong to what is known as the non-organic or functional group," Mental Health says. "In this group there is no demonstrable physical or toxic factor which has intervened to wreck the patient's life. Simple failures in the relationship between the individual and his environment have increased and grown in importance with the years until the harmony within the person has been completely destroyed—as has any possibility for happiness and harmony in his relationship with the outside world. The disorder is entirely preventable in a very large part of this group, given a more widespread understanding of the principles of mental growth and the application of these principles in the homes and schools."

Has Three-Fold Advantage

The increasing sale of branded beef in Canada denotes a three-fold advantage. The supply of a higher quality in the food of the people; greater encouragement to Canadian farmers who are devoting their efforts to feed better quality into beef; and an expanding co-operation on the part of Canadians in building up one of Canada's most important national industries.

Oldest Cedar In England

With the gift of Liverpool Cathedral of an old house in Chidrely is included the oldest cedar tree in England. The building is called Cantorist House, and it stands at the end of the Edward Pococke took seed from Aleppo and planted it near where the parish house now stands.

Fish Demonstrations

Fog Prairie Cities

Program Being Arranged For Cities In Alberta and Saskatchewan

Fish cookery demonstrations, planned as part of the program of the Dominion Department of Fisheries, are now being arranged for Alberta and Saskatchewan cities, following the conclusion of demonstrations held on the Pacific Coast.

Prior to going to British Columbia some weeks ago, Mrs. Evelyn Spencer, the department's cookery specialist, had conducted demonstrations in different parts of Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba.

The schedule for Alberta and Saskatchewan meetings has not been wholly completed but in making the arrangements for the work to be done by Mrs. Spencer in these provinces the Dominion Department will have the co-operation of provincial authorities. It is expected that demonstrations will first be held in several of the larger centres of Alberta and then Mrs. Spencer will begin the Saskatchewan program.

In British Columbia, Mrs. Spencer held demonstrations at Vancouver and Victoria, and visited Prince Rupert where she gave several addresses on fish foods and methods of preparing them for the table. She also spoke over the radio on a number of occasions and before several clubs. All of her work is designed to increase popular interest in the Canadian fishing industry and to stimulate the use of Canadian fish and shellfish. The Vancouver and Victoria demonstrations were most successful and representatives of the Pacific Coast fishing industry expressed themselves as thoroughly convinced of the usefulness of the department's campaign as a means of increasing the demand for the fishermen's products. Approval of the campaign was officially recorded in a resolution passed by the Pacific Coast section of the Canadian Fisheries Association commending the department's "sincere and practical endeavour to stimulate greater home consumption of fish" and praising the capable manner in which the work is being done.

Dilution Readily Accomplished

No Danger From Monoxide Gas Poisoning In Open Air

Announcement was made a short time ago of a discovery, along chemical lines, which would prevent poisoning from monoxide gas, but the efficacy of the discovery has been questioned, and it is presumed that those interested are still working on the formula.

In this connection it might be said that numerous cases of monoxide gas poisoning resulting in death have prompted the enquiry as to what extent the outside air in the streets of large cities is contaminated by the exhausts from motor cars. No cases are on record of involuntary monoxide gas poisoning in the open air, although a man was reported killed near Toronto while working at his car and breathing the fumes from the exhaust pipe in an open field.

It might be assumed that during calm, hot weather, in a street where motor traffic was dense, the air breathed by human beings might contain a percentage of monoxide gas, but it is claimed by chemists that dilution with fresh air is readily accomplished and that it is difficult to conceive of atmospheric conditions in the open that would be dangerous to human life. It may be that those who complain of illness after breathing open air where many automobile exhausts are operating are particularly susceptible to carbon monoxide poisoning and should try to order their affairs so that they would avoid areas of congested traffic as much as possible.

Prices In California

Fruit and Fresh Vegetables Being Sold Very Cheap

A motor trip through Southern California just now impresses upon you the fact that fruit and fresh vegetables are being sold for almost nothing. Here are a few of the prices: One box containing four to five dozen large oranges, 25c; 2 large heads of lettuce, 5c; 1 box containing 35 pounds fine red tomatoes, 15c to 25c; large bunches of carrots, beets, etc., 1c. per bunch. Cured meat is also selling at low prices; ham, 11c. and 12c.; bacon, 15c. and 18c., with the skin removed before weighing. Sugar is selling retail at 4c. per pound. Flour is \$1 for a 50-pound bag.

Is ye're stutterin' any better noo-a-days, Angus?

N-nao, m-mon, w-w-w-worse th-than ever.

"Then Ah'll no bother ye tae say 'when.' Ah'll just guess it."

Gardening Notes

By Gordon Lindsay Smith

Rock gardening forms one of the most fascinating bits of work a person may tackle. The underlying principle is to create an environment for Alpine plants. An actual slope, or an artificial one, is turned into a miniature section of the Alps or the Rocky Mountains. There are peaks, upper gravelly valleys and lower Alpine meadows. It is advisable to use irregular stones arranging these carefully so as to get the mountain effect, but also so that they are securely anchored in the soil with the earth between connected up with the core of the slope so that the roots can penetrate to fairly permanent moisture. Where an elaborate garden is planned one should provide himself with special literature as in creating a difficult replica of this kind there is great danger in overdoing the thing.

Striking a Lawn.—The lawn is distinctly a permanent affair. We can add to it or reduce it, but we have a very difficult job indeed in remedying an original mistake. It is far easier to level the ground before we sow the grass and, therefore, we should cultivate the plot as much as possible the first thing. After this, allow to lie idle for ten days to encourage any weed seeds to germinate and any settling. Fertilizer and frost will help in the last named process.

Select a day without wind, as early as possible in the spring—grass is a cool weather plant—and sow at the rate of one pound of seed to every two hundred square feet. If we desire a permanent lawn, one that will remain green year after year and improve in fineness and color as time goes on, we must buy good quality seed as only in the best mixtures do we get the proper proportion of those weeds to germinate and any settling. Fertilizer and frost will help in the last named process.

Select a day without wind, as early as possible in the spring—grass is a cool weather plant—and sow at the rate of one pound of seed to every two hundred square feet. If we desire a permanent lawn, one that will remain green year after year and improve in fineness and color as time goes on, we must buy good quality seed as only in the best mixtures do we get the proper proportion of those weeds to germinate and any settling. Fertilizer and frost will help in the last named process.

When To Plant.—The temptation is to sow all flower seeds outside as soon as the soil is dry enough in the spring, not thinking of the cold, frosty weather which is to follow, writes W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist. The result is that many seeds rot in the ground without germinating and others germinate but soon after the plants appear above the ground they are killed with frost. Among the hardiest annuals and those which may be sown as soon as the soil is dry enough are the Sweet pea, Virginian Stocks, Poppy, both the Shirley and California, Alyssum, Cornflower, Pet Marigold, Larkspur, Calendula, Coriopsis, Candytuft, Cosmos and Zinnia. Included in the moss tender annuals which should not be sown until there is little danger of frost after the plants come up are the Nasturtium, Balsam, Zinnia, Marigold, Aster and the ordinary Stocks. There is also the temptation to set Geraniums, Petunias and other similar bedding plants outside too early, especially potted plants which have been inside in the winter. In most parts of Canada, these should not be planted outside until nearly the end of May. Cannas and Dahlias should not be planted outside until danger from frost is practically over, although Gladioli can be set out as soon as the soil is dry enough.

A Famous Gold Mining Area

The Kirkland Lake gold area in Northern Ontario, is famed throughout the world because of the richness of its ores, the annual yield of its gold output, the extent of its dividend disbursements, and lastly because of the remarkable success that has attended development work at the several properties in the area, according to the Department of Mines, Ottawa.

London taxi drivers are opposing the proposal of the British Home secretary to increase fares.

Roumania's plan to develop a radio broadcasting system is making progress.

FANCIFUL FABLES



Research Director Presents Many Striking Statistics To Indicate Upward Swing Of Wheat Prices

If history is to repeat itself, the all-time "low" in the price of wheat and probably of the general commodity price level has been reached.

This was the contention of Major H. G. L. Strange, director of the research department of the Searle Grain Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, who recently addressed a meeting of the general membership of the Regina Board of Trade.

Major Strange presented many striking statistics to indicate wheat should climb to 67 cents at country elevators as the surplus disappears.

Major Strange based his contention of the all-time price level having been reached "on the fact that what is occurring today occurred following years of other years," and also of the report that the index number of wholesale prices rose from 63.6 in February to 64.4 in March, according to a statement issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Displaying a chart showing 500 years of wheat prices, collected by George Broomhall, eminent wheat statistician of Liverpool, England, the speaker said it could be noticed the price of wheat was ever fluctuating as it marched through time, but at three periods from 1400 to the present, the price fluctuated very violently, both up and down, in periods corresponding to the three great world-wide wars—the 30 years' war in Germany, the Napoleonic wars, and the recent World War—each of them over 100 years apart.

"The length of time these fluctuations have taken to rise and fall have been substantially the same during each of the three wars. From the high price of wheat in the 30 years' war in Germany to the bottom of the decline was 11 years, in the Napoleonic wars it was 10 and one-half years, and in the autumn of 1931, the eleventh year after the high price of wheat in the Great War, the decline was arrested in British sterling at Liverpool," the speaker said.

The price of wheat will rise at the country elevator two or three cents as the pound and dollar come closer together, Major Strange continued, adding that 10 cents should be the general commodity price level rise back up to the pre-war level. It would also rise to the extent of the additional 26 cents a bushel, altogether to a price at the country elevator of 67 cents, should the surplus entirely disappear, the speaker claimed.

"I do not hesitate to say," Major Strange commented, "that all the economic forces that implement themselves upon wheat are tending to push back the price to the 1913-14 level, but perhaps not higher."

Some of the "fallacies" people within the trade have felt obliged to oppose, the speaker said, were such as the wheat board, an excise tax on wheat for making bread in Canada, reduction of wheat acreage in Canada and other proposals to replace the present methods of handling and marketing grain in the Dominion.

"The futures system of marketing has been, and is being, violently attacked by those who favor a wheat board," the speaker continued, adding, "they carefully refrain, however, from explaining what a wheat board could do that the present system is not already doing. They speak vaguely of differentiating between returning the world's price of wheat and returning the world's value of wheat. A distinction absolutely impossible to define, because they are one and the same thing as far as money is concerned."

Some stated the futures system of marketing had no interest in discovering new markets and that perhaps a wheat board or some other organization could do this, Major Strange continued.

"The fact is today that there are literally hundreds at work exploring every possible wheat market in the world to dispose of Canadian grain," the speaker said, "all experienced men, who are continually extolling the virtues of Canadian grain and endeavoring to promote its use."

"Much has been said about untapped markets for wheat in China. This again is a fallacy," the speaker maintained. "The true facts are that China produces on the average twice as much wheat per year as does Canada, and in addition, four times the volume of rice that we do wheat in Canada, and that 430,000,000 people in China consume cereals in the form of rice and wheat per head than do the people of Can-

ada, so it is apparent there is not much evidence of starving millions and of unlimited markets. As a matter of fact, people in China are as well fed as we are. Starvation only occurs in certain districts with no communication, that suffer from drought and occasional great floods.

"It is often forgotten that wheat and other commodities can only be purchased by the people of a country in proportion that others are willing to purchase in turn their products or the goods they manufacture," Major Strange added. "The Chinese market for our wheat and other goods will expand as we or the other people in the world are willing to purchase Chinese products and goods. Money as such, hardly enters into the question at all."

Reduction of wheat acreage by exporting countries by common agreement, would make European buyers suspicious, Major Strange contended, and they would tend to increase their own acreage and retain the tariffs and wheat quotas now existing.



By Roth Rogers



533

GRACEFUL FOR THE MATRON
Decidedly chic and slimming. Delightfully becoming to the larger figure is a dress of the type presented for today's pattern.

The smart revers neckline is a particularly helpful feature to cut the bodice breadth.

The skirt panelled at the back with a bias yoke effect and vertical seam running down the center-front, are most slimming.

And how distinctive and smart you'll feel in this attractive navy blue crinkly crepe silk dress. For its trims, plain white crepe combined with a navy and white crepe print.

Style No. 533 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch, with 1/2 yard 39-inch contrasting.

Its small cost will amaze you. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Improving Nature

The chemical process used by nature to make coal from peat has been speeded up. What nature takes millions of years to do may be done by scientists in three months. A scientist in Cincinnati, O., has isolated the coal germ and with this bacteria can inoculate a peat bed so that it will turn into coal in a short time.

BARBED SHAFTS OF WIT LOST G. B. S. ADMIRERS



The rapier-like wit for which he is famous was the cause of losing George Bernard Shaw, celebrated author and dramatist, two of his most ardent admirers during his recent visit to Hollywood. En route to San Pedro, Shaw stopped off at the movie capital to see at first hand how the great industry is operated. During a tour of the sets he was introduced to a number of famous film stars, and it was at these introductions that G.B.S. gave his well-known wit the work-out that lost him two notable fans. First, the visitor bluntly inquired of Alice Brady "why a girl with a nice face like yours wears a hat like that." That placed Miss Brady among the anti-Shawians, for while a woman will forgive many things, criticism of her clothes—her hat in particular—is not one of them. Shaw loosed his next barb when Evelyn Ann Harding was introduced. Miss Harding remarked that she was soon to play in one of Shaw's plays—"Captain Brassbound's Conversion." Whereupon Shaw inquired where she had played the part previously. Miss Harding said "a little town near Philadelphia," and was astonished when the dramatist announced: "I'm sure it must be a piratical performance"—and as a piratical performance is the production of a play without payment to, or permission of the author, Miss Harding retired to her room in tears.

World's Seaplane Record

Italian Aviator Makes An Average Of Over 436 Miles Per Hour
"Red Bullit," powerful little speed plane painted entirely red, broke the world's seaplane speed record recently with Francesco Agello at the controls. For five laps over Lake Garda, Italy, Agello made an average of 436.5 miles an hour.

Previous record, set by Lieutenant George H. Stainforth, of England, in 1931, was 408.5. Agello reached a maximum speed of 432.83 on his fourth lap, and his minimum was 421.66 in the third lap. Air officers said a new engine would be installed in an attempt to reach a speed of 700 kilometres or 437.5 miles.

Agello was a member of the Italian Schneider cup team in 1929. His successful attempt climaxed a series of such efforts at the high speed airport here in which several craft were lost.

Will Review Income

A review of total incomes received by pensioners in the government service will be made, and if any are considered excessive, the salary, but not the pension will be reduced. This, it is intimated, was the position of government as outlined by Mayor W. J. Stewart, of Toronto.

Just when farm boys are adept in adjusting carburetors, the old horse stages a comeback and they've got to learn to knot a halter.



"No, I don't told with 'em. Ma'am. More than one friend of mine 'as 'ad the bread 'n' butter took out of their mouths by them things."—The Humorist, London.

A New Process For Sprouting Grain To Turn It Quickly Into Fresh Fodder For Cattle

Watching For Contraband Shipments Of Munitions

Close Check Ordered On Ships From B.C. To Orient

Customs officials at British Columbia airports have been ordered to make a close check for contraband shipments to the Orient during the next few weeks. Hostilities in Jehol and the prospect of prolonged fighting have increased the demand for war materials, and it is suspected that munitions have been sent across the Pacific in the guise of ordinary merchandise.

There is a good deal of smuggling going on, according to investigators. Five hundred rounds of ammunition were recently discovered on the liner "Empress of Japan." This was shipped in boxes labelled with a bogus description and would have passed through undetected had it not been for the customs officials' special vigilance.

Of course, there is no embargo on war materials leaving the country, provided they have been purchased in a legitimate way and all other legal procedure has been observed. For instance, the Japanese government recently completed purchase of a large quantity of steel track which has been lying idle at Port Mann ever since construction of the Canadian Northern Railway was suspended many years ago. This material will probably be used in the manufacture of munitions, but is considered a strictly business-like deal.

Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company at Trail is making regular shipments of zinc to the Orient and there is but little doubt that most of it is used in the making of shells.

A Chinese Landlord

Cancelled Payment Of Back Rent Overed By Unemployed Man

Somewhere in the city of Halifax there is a Chinese landlord with more "heart" than some of the English members of the rent-collecting fraternity.

In the northwest end of the city there is a family, the head of which has been out of work for a considerable period of time, with the result that they are now long on accounts and short of cash.

They live in a flat rented to them by the Oriental Landlord, who, along with other creditors, has been waiting for his money for several months. He called several times for the money and noted that each time the condition of the family seemed to be getting worse.

He called again recently and handed the tenant an envelope. The father of the family took it with a sinking heart, expecting, on opening it, to find a notice of eviction, which would throw him and his loved ones out on the street.

After the departure of his Chinese landlord he plucked up courage enough to open the missive to discover to his joy that it contained, not an eviction notice, but a receipt "ill for the total of his back rent, amounting to more than \$150, wiping off the debt in its entirety.

Needless to say, any feelings of animosity that this particular family might have entertained toward the yellow race was eradicated by this act of unsolicited kindness.

Checked Up On Doctor

Boy In Montreal Hospital Proved Fallacy Of Old Speech

Royal Victoria Hospital in Montreal, claims to have found the original of "the child who notices things." His name is George Ross, aged ten. George arrived at the hospital to undergo a slight operation. Before the anesthetic was administered, the doctor in charge made his usual little speech to the patient, assuring him that there would be no pain and that the whole affair would be matter of a minute.

George's first remark on coming out of the ether was directed in a reproachful tone to the doctor:

"It was seven and a half minutes," he declared. A clock near the bed which George had studied last thing in and first thing out enabled him to check the doctor's veracity.

People of Vienna, Austria, are eating less food per person than a year ago.

Benzol, an anti-knock for gasoline, is present in the waste gas of Turner Valley.

A new process for sprouting grain within a few days so as to turn it into fresh fodder for cattle has been brought to the attention of German farm experts by Dr. Spangenberg, who believes that it will revolutionize cattle breeding by permitting industrial manufacturing of fodder.

The new process proposed by Dr. Spangenberg and recently tested by the German Agricultural Society is briefly as follows: The grain that is to be sprouted is spread upon large perforated iron sheets or riddles in a layer of about one inch. The riddles in turn are placed into open wooden cases of the same size, so that they are resting in the middle of the cases. By pouring a liquid over the grain at regular intervals a rich growth of light green sprouts is produced which may be harvested after ten to fifteen days, when they have grown to a height of about ten inches.

Dr. Spangenberg did not reveal the nature of the liquid used in his experiments and to which he attributes an especially quick growth of the sprouts and their—according to him—abnormally high nutritive value. Authorities on seed sprouting of the German Agricultural Society believe that this liquid is composed of phosphoric acid, potassium nitrate, potash and lime.

Similar mixtures have already been used for some time in experiments of this kind by the society. When testing the liquid applied by Dr. Spangenberg, the experts of the society applied at the same time their own mixture as well as pure water to other riddles, filled with grain. It was found that, as the rapidity of growth, there was not much difference in the three cases.

The great advantage of this process is that it enables the farmer to introduce some variety into the menu of the cattle, especially in winter, when no fresh fodder is available. It, moreover, seems to have a beneficial effect on the milk production. Dr. Spangenberg maintains that tests in Lubeck have shown recently an increase of the milk production by 18 to 22 per cent. after feeding sprouts instead of grain only. Experts of the agricultural society, however, expressed some doubt as to the feasibility of fattening cattle, hogs and other animals by feeding them these sprouts.

This, they declared, could be achieved only at much greater cost, which, in view of the relatively small value of fresh meat, would not pay. The reason why it would be more expensive to fatten cattle by feeding them sprouts than by feeding them ordinary grain is simple. Quite aside from the cost of the liquid used to sprout grain, the process of sprouting leads to a loss of nutritive value, caused by the lack of sunlight and the resulting inability of the grain to accumulate carbonized hydrogen. Instead, the sprouts, biologically speaking, do nothing but accumulate water, which builds up a larger body compared to the small grain out of which it is developed. The carbonized hydrogen contained in various forms in the grain are broken up by the sprout in the process of growing, and only the relatively small amount of carbon parts are emitted by the leaves in the form of carbonic acid.

The sprouts are therefore of real value chiefly to chicken fums and dairies where a permanent supply of fresh, green fodder is desirable and where the high value of the product warrants the additional expense, it is pointed out by farm experts. The sprouts, if harvested at the right time, represent an excellent fodder. According to Dr. Spangenberg, the cost of 220 pounds of sprouts produced from about fifty-five pounds of grain is little more than 20 cents.

Last Lord Marcher Dead

Was Only Holder Of That Title In United Kingdom

Sir Martine Lloyd, head of the old Welsh family of direct descent from the royal houses of both England and Wales, died April 4, aged 81. He was the only Lord Marcher in the United Kingdom, Henry VIII, having destroyed the titles of every other Lord Marcher. He exercised his rights right up until the present time, having appointed annually, under his hand and seal, the Mayor of Newport, Penn., in the Barony of James. Owning more than 100,000 acres in four different counties, Sir Martine was perhaps the most popular landowner in Wales.

Bees have a special liking for blue-colored flowers.



WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Salta Observatory reported that volcanoes in the central Chilean mountain region were moderately active, with indications of intense activity in the near future.

Prof. Albert Einstein, who renounced his German citizenship because of anti-semitism in Germany, has accepted an invitation to become a member of the faculty of University of Madrid.

The French naval air force was ordered to help maintain order along the frontier of Djibouti territory in French Somaliland, Africa, where several rebellious Abyssinian tribes threatened trouble.

The honor of being the first woman professor in Scotland has fallen on Miss Cecilia J. MacTaggart, of Glasgow, who has just been appointed to the chair of Biology in the Anderson College of Medicine, Glasgow.

Calgary school board will take court action against parents who keep their children from attending school in protest against the city reverting to the summer unemployment relief schedule.

Wyoming has lost a titled ranchman and England has gained an earl. Oliver Henry Wallop, 72, renounced his allegiance to the United States, placed his chaps in mothballs and became the Earl of Portsmouth, the 99th ranking peer of England.

Alberta will have only two district courts if an amendment to the Districts Courts Act, submitted to the legislature, is approved. At present, there is a district court in each of the 16 judicial districts of the province.

Poultry raisers in Western Canada are finding a market for their products in Great Britain. In the last two months of 1932, 1,500,000 pounds of fresh Saskatchewan and Manitoba turkeys were shipped to British markets.

Arthur Bierwagen, of Stettin, Alberta, has been awarded the Elizabeth Imrie memorial scholarship for 1933 at the University of Alberta. This entitles the holder to journey to Geneva for a summer course at the Zimmermann School of International Affairs.

A Cold Summer

Prediction That the Sun Will Show Less Heat For the Next Two Years

A prediction the sun will be colder for the next two years, with the possibility the earth will be affected in a way as yet unknown, was issued by Dr. Charles G. Abbot, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.

Dr. Abbot already has had some success as a predictor of the sun's "weather." In 1919 he forecast two warm years on the sun, which in general has been fulfilled. Measurements have shown the sun has been giving out considerably more heat than normal since then.

Dr. Abbot's prediction is based on long study of periodical rises and falls in the sun's heat.

Protection For Planes

Ice Umbrella Will Shield Hub Of The Propeller

An ice umbrella for propeller hubs, a device said to overcome the last remaining ice peril for aeroplanes, was announced at Cornell University.

This umbrella shields the hub of the propeller. The danger is not from the ice on or directly in front of the hub, but the danger is from the ice spreading in both directions outward along the whirling blades.

Planes of the Royal Dutch Air Lines flew 1,919,505 miles last year.



W. N. U. 1930

Depression Has Hit Court Interpreters

Lack Of Foreign Weddings In Montreal Affects Their Income

Interpreters in the recorder's court at Montreal, are blaming a lack of weddings in Montreal's foreign colony for their reduced earnings lately. There was a time when weddings and the celebrations following them were numerous and quite often those who celebrated too much found themselves explaining the reason for their actions in court. It was a poor day when that did not bring forth five or six cases for the interpreter to take part in, and, of course, the more cases the larger his income. Now many people are out of work and cannot afford to get married. Those who do, fail to celebrate, making appearances in court rare, complained one man who had earned only \$6 in one week.

Argentine Delicacies

One Called "Palmito" Entails Cutting Down Palm Tree

The visit of the Argentine Mission to London has already had its influence on restaurants. Many are specializing in dishes and delicacies peculiar to South America. One of these is "palmito," an hors-d'oeuvre very popular with the Prince of Wales. He first tasted it in Buenos Aires three years ago. Its preparation entails cutting down a palm tree. The heart is then cut into cubes, soaked in oil, and served with lemon, anchovies, and sliced olives.



By Ruth Rogers



554. CHARMING DAY WEAR IN JUMPER MODEL-AFFECTS PRINCESS LINES

Loveliness for daughter or for mother.

Jumper dresses are so smart! Of course you'll want this princess model, so youthfully charming.

It's carried out in navy blue crinkly crepe silk. The guimpe is maize plaid organdie. It's cunning the way it buttons down the back with tiny yellow ball buttons.

Fin tucks make the waistline fitting of the jumper. And incidentally, the jumper is a one-piece affair. Made in a jiffy!

A printed crepe silk would be effective for the jumper with the guimpe of plain toning crepe.

Style No. 554 is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 2 1/2 yards 35 or 39-inch, with 1 1/4 yards 39-inch for blouse.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Disease-Resistant Wheats

Small Quantities Of Seed Are Now Made Available

Highly disease-resistant wheats have now been produced that are perfectly satisfactory from the standpoint of quality and agronomic behavior, the associate committee on field crop diseases announced at the conclusion of its fifth annual meeting in the Dominion Rust Research Laboratory in Winnipeg. Dr. C. H. Goulden, of the laboratory, presented the report.

"It seems that out of 33 strains in the co-operative tests of 1932 at least six are suitable for distribution to farmers, but only small quantities of seed are available at present, and it will take two seasons to increase the quantity available to the required point," the statement read. "In the meantime, commercial milling tests will be made on the strains selected and further field tests, with a view to reducing their number to two or three adapted to the varying conditions to be found in the wheat-growing area.

"Every effort will be made from now on to increase the seed of these wheats as rapidly as possible."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHOCOLATE PRUNE CAKE

- 2 cups cooked prunes.
- 1 1/4 cups granulated sugar.
- 1/2 cup shortening.
- 2 1-ounce squares bitter chocolate.
- 3 eggs.
- 2 3/4 cups flour (pastry or cake).
- 4 teaspoons baking powder.
- 1/2 teaspoon soda.
- 1/2 teaspoon salt.
- 1 cup milk.
- 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Remove pits from prunes and cut prunes into small pieces. Cream sugar with shortening. Melt chocolate over hot water and add to creamed mixture; mix, add well beaten eggs and mix again. Sift flour with baking powder, soda and salt and add alternately with the milk, a small amount at a time. Add prunes and vanilla and beat thoroughly. Pour into three greased cake tins and bake 25 to 30 minutes in a moderate oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit). Put layers together and spread top and sides with chocolate butter frosting.

ECONOMY MEAT PIE

Cut left-over meat and vegetables into uniform medium-sized pieces. Mix with an equal amount of medium cream sauce (1 cup milk, 2 tablespoons flour, 2 tablespoons butter). Season well with onion, salt, pepper, etc. (Use left-over gravy with cream sauce if possible). Cover with a thick pie crust, biscuit dough, or layer of left-over mashed potato mixed with milk (one slightly beaten egg can be added to potato if desired). Bake in a moderate oven until the crust is cooked, or until browned and heated through if potato is used.

England's oldest free church building, the Horningsham Congregational Church, which still boasts a thatch roof, recently celebrated its 360th anniversary.

ON THE SEE-SAW OF DESTINY



The "ups and downs" of life were never better illustrated than by this picture. Chancellor Adolf Hitler, once a humble house-painter and now Dictator of Germany, is shown chatting with former Crown Prince Wilhelm who was in line to rule the country before his father's abdication, and who is now an ordinary citizen. They are pictured at Potsdam just before the opening of the special session of the Reichstag at which Hitler demanded and was granted dictatorial power.

Powerful Flashlight FREE for POKER HANDS!

ONLY Four complete sets of poker hands will secure you this handy flashlight (complete with batteries). Useful in the car or in the house and but one of the many valuable gifts given in exchange for Turret Poker Hands.

It pays to "Roll Your Own" with **TURRET FINE CUT CIGARETTE TOBACCO** SAVE THE POKER HANDS

Barter Party Is Latest

Social Event Held Recently In Buffalo Proved A Success

Bartering has reached the stage of social function in Buffalo, not merely because adapting amusement to hard times is a fashion of the day, but also because there is fun in novel experiences.

The Currents Event Club, made up of women who hardly are in the economic stage which makes bartering necessary, has set the example with a barter party, and the members had such a good time that they voted to make it an annual event. The objects offered for barter were bracelets, necklaces, book ends, preserves, cakes use of automobiles, offers to sew and mend, orders for gasoline, bridge lessons and a multitude of other things representing the activities of the modern woman.

To Take Precautions

Parts Of Saskatchewan Threatened With Hopper Plague

Early precautions against the outbreak of a grasshopper plague in parts of Saskatchewan are urged upon farmers by officials of the department of agriculture.

Severe outbreaks of the plague are expected in southeastern Saskatchewan in the Estevan area, comprising a semi-circular tract of land including the towns of Torquay, Hinton, Wilmar, Nottingham and Carnduff. The badly affected area also takes in a longitudinal strip up the centre of the province, starting in the south at Assiniboia and stretching far north in a narrow area to the southern boundary of Saskatchewan. Lesser areas are located at Neidpath, Pieport and Sceptre.

Czecho-Slovakia has placed taxes on radio tubes and electric light bulbs.

Ell Beinhorn, the German airwoman will fly from Berlin to Arabia.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 23

CHRIST APPEARS TO SIMON PETER

Golden Text: "Because I live, ye shall live also."—John 14:19.

Lesson: 1 Corinthians 15:1-8, 20-26.

Devotional Reading: 1 Corinthians 15:51-53.

Explanations and Comments

The Historical Evidence Of the Resurrection Of Christ, verses 1-8: "Now, brothers, I declare unto you the good tidings which I preached while I was with you at Corinth," Paul wrote his church there. The Corinthians were not in danger of denying Christianity, but of not accepting its true teachings as Paul had proclaimed them, and so he continued: "The good tidings which you received, to which you subscribe, if you remain true to my preaching—unless you believed in vain."

"If I believed in immortality as you believe in it, as you profess to do, I should live a far better life than you appear to live. I should strive more earnestly and bear more patiently. I do not think I should ever be troubled with a fear or worried with an earthly burden. I think I would be at my ease and joy if I believed as you believe in the things—resurrection and a life beyond in which all things will be made right."—Harriet Martineau.

Most important of all the good tidings which I declared unto you, which I was told [probably by Peter and James] on his visit to Jerusalem recorded in Acts 9:27, 28, is that Christ died to atone for our sins according to the scriptures, that He was buried, and that he was raised on the third day.

"Oh, vanquished grave of Jesus whose chill could work no change upon His heart!"

Oh, deep, deep grave of Jesus whose depths can hide a whole world's sin!

Oh, glorious grave of Jesus through whose gloom the pathway to "Immortal Life!"—Ralph Connor.

That He appeared to Simon Peter (Luke 24:34); to the Twelve (Paul keeps the symbolical number, though Judas was dead); then to more than five hundred at once; (usually identified with Matthew 28:7, 16-20), some of whom are dead, but the greater number are still living (and you can have their direct testimony, if you wish). Then He appeared to James, the brother of Jesus Acts 15:13; Gal. 1:19; then to all the apostles, just before the Ascension (Acts 1:4). And last of all, as to the child untimely born, He appeared to me also, in the way to Damascus (Acts 9).

Celebrating Its Jubilee

Alexandra Club Was Started In London By Women

The Alexandra Club, oldest of women's clubs in London, is about to celebrate its jubilee. It was launched in a day when women of good social position could not stay at hotels unless they were formally chaperoned. As to eating a meal in the public dining-room of an hotel or restaurant in 1883, it was simply not done by "gentlewomen." The Alexandra Club was started by a bold band of pioneers, who were linked by these restrictions. So carefully was it conducted that a man was allowed to enter the premises. To this day men are only tolerated at tea-time.

Made Success Of Hobby

A striking record was made by Constable Carl F. Wallden, of Stockholm. He recovered 21,000 lost or stolen bicycles in his thirty-two years of service. He has just retired on a pension. Finding missing wheels was a hobby with Wallden.

Dill, a herb used in making car-tail pickles, grows wild in some parts of British Columbia.

Chose the Better Way

Hospital In India Fitting Memorial For Late Sir William Wanless

Sir William Wanless, considered to have been the most famous surgeon in India, is dead in California. Native Canadian, he went to India years ago under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church in the United States. There will be no need to erect a memorial to him; the Presbyterian Hospital at Miraj, India, tells the story better than anything else can do.

He had not been in India long before the people turned toward him. He was as much a missionary as a surgeon. Those who were wealthy came, and it is said that Sir William could have made himself rich in his profession.

It is recorded that he retained only his salary as a missionary, turning over his fees to build a 250-bed hospital, also a medical school and five outpost stations. More than that he maintained the staff of 125 working in the hospital, paying their salaries, and due to his efforts there was brought into existence, a leper sanitarium and a tubercular hospital in the vicinity.

Had this man of God been concerned about building his private fortune he could have done so. He could have heeded out the needy folk who paid him nothing; he could have allowed the lepers to continue standing to one side, victims of a living death. He could have so shared his course that he might have retired immensely wealthy, and with his retirement his work would have ceased.

Sir William chose the better way. Today the doors of the ample hospital are open; the work of caring for sick folk goes on. In the days of his strength he used his powers to create something which would live long after his skill and direction had been removed.

It makes good reading; there is much that is entirely wholesome about the outlook and conservation of such a man. This country would be rich indeed if it could keep on producing men of similar vision.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Sharing Large Houses

Fashion Introduced In London By Duke Of Connaught

In these hard-up times people in London are trying to solve the problem of being admitted with houses too large for them by dividing them into family flats. Instead of young married couples taking small houses in Chelsea or elsewhere, they install themselves in part of the parental home with separate housekeeping of their own. The idea was started by the Duke of Connaught, who gave Lady Patricia Ramsay, an "apartment" in Clarence House when she married.

Has Bullet-Proof Car

Viccount Makoto Saito, Japan's elderly Premier, has bought a large armored American automobile. It is bullet-proof against small weapons. The machine, costing \$6,000, is a closed limousine with bullet-proof glass. Threats against the Premier's life have been increasingly frequent. His two predecessors were assassinated by nationalist fanatics.

"What an appropriate-looking hot-dog stand!"

"Yes; it's made of dogwood and covered with bark."

The first post office in Calgary, Alberta, was opened in 1882.

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed. The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada.

Beatty of the C.P.R.

As Montrealeers Know Him

Reprinted from Montreal Daily Herald

E. D. Beatty is a quarter-back who studied law, but by a twist of fate, became a railway president.

Though he couldn't make the first string on the Varsity gridiron squad he had no difficulty with the C. P. R. and has played regularly ever since. They say it was Shaughnessy coaching that turned the trick (Lord S. not Shaugh).

He is probably the shyest man in Canada.

The ladies admire him because he wears his hair over one eye and walks with a quarter-back swagger. The fact that he is a bachelor and apparently intends to remain one provides a second element of "je ne sais quoi" to keep feminine hearts in a state of flutter.

Business-men like him because he talks straight from the shoulder and has an uncanny talent for getting at the core of the most intricate problem.

The man in the street respects him because he preaches The Gospel Of True Canadianism.

Politicians lawn on him because he is the boss of the C. P. R. The Prince of Wales is another citizen who thinks Beatty is "all right," and His Royal Highness is always ready to prove it by officiating at the launching of a new C. P. R. ship.

Ordinary people respect him highly, and are sorry his railway is having a hard time.

As a youth he wanted to be a judge, but Fate intervened and sent him a job in the C. P. R.'s legal department. Young Beatty refused to regard this as his life-work, but ultimately had to decide in a hurry when the late Lord Shaughnessy sent for him and asked him to be a Vice-President.

Here is one version of what took place:

Beatty said "No!" "Tom" Shaughnessy fixed the young attorney with a stern eye and exclaimed, "My God, Beatty! Do you want to be a mere mortal all your life?" Young Beatty smiled and took the job.

Some people think Beatty is hard to reach and tales are told of citizens who wait for weeks for the call to conference. Nevertheless he is the easiest man in the country to talk to, provided you can crash the outer office.

He is one of the few leading citizens who go in for Good Works in a Big Way without thought of publicity or praise. Not long ago the mother of an ex-Boys' Home youth who had lost his job in the States, was destitute and needed trainfare home in despair telephoned to E. W. The Chairman and President of the C.P.R. came to the phone in person, discussed the case with the harassed mother, told her not to weep, and instructed the C. P. R. official nearest to the boy to ship him back to his home, paying the fare out of his own pocket. These are the things which have won him a reputation for kindness and humanity.

He was born at Thorold, which Ontario people will tell you is situated in the Garden of Canada. He attended several schools in Toronto, and ultimately scratched his way into, through and out of, Toronto University and was called to the Ontario Bar. That was in 1901 and almost at once went into the C.P.R.'s law department. He stayed there for thirteen years before becoming the company's General Counsel. In 1915 he was elected to the Board. In 1918 they made him President, when Lord Shaughnessy dropped one of his two portfolios. Six years later he added the title Chairman to his letterhead. Since then he has held both jobs and has had plenty of worries on his hands.

He thinks co-operative management will solve the railway problem. He does more travelling than many salesmen. To-day you will see him in Vancouver. Tuesday he will be in Montreal. On Wednesday he will appear before the Railway Commission in the Capital. On Thursday you can talk with him by long distance to the Empress of Britain, outward bound. Wherever he goes he carries his work under his hat. When times were good it used to be written that he had the Biggest Industrial Job In The World. The job to-day is probably just as big but infinitely more arduous.

His continued good repute is largely due to the fact that he is honest, honorable and, taking him by and large, as representative a citizen of Canada as can be found between the two oceans.

And there is plenty of evidence to support the charge.

Heard Around Town

Easter service was conducted in the United Church on Sunday evening by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Woollett, when a very impressive sermon was delivered to a fairly large audience. Mrs. C. W. Rideout sang a solo.

A. V. Youell and his little son, Gerald, who has been spending a few weeks here with his father, left for Calgary Thursday night to spend Good Friday with the former's family.

Vincent Rideout spent the Easter vacation at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rideout.

O. L. Meikle spent the Easter vacation at Calgary.

Wm. Thompson spent his vacation at Calgary returning on Monday in company with his mother, Mrs. Gertrude Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Todd and daughter, Miss Mae, of Oyen, and Norman Jacques motored to Calgary on Thursday, where they spent the vacation.

On Sunday there was a snow storm followed by a light rain Monday night.

T. Nordin had his tonsils removed at Cereal hospital last week.

Miss Marshall, teacher at Peyton school, spent the Easter vacation with her parents at Calgary.

Miss Bowd, of Calgary, sister of Mrs. Youell, taught last week at Langdale school, being her week of practice teaching.

Gus Cook, who recently leased the Chinook hotel, is putting forth every effort towards making that hostelry's service and accommodation on a par with its exterior appearance as that of one of the largest and finest country town hotel buildings in Alberta. The dining room service is excellent, the rooms comfortable.

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

and well kept, and attentive and courteous service is accorded guests.

Good Friday and Easter Sunday was spent very quietly here owing to bad weather. On Good Friday a bad dust storm raged all day and on Easter Sunday it was cold, cloudy and wet, with snow. Those who went away by motor had to return by train owing to bad roads. Mr. Milligan and family have not been able to return yet from Olds.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Neff and daughter, Miss Audrey, of Hanna, and Miss McAvish, of Calgary, spent the Easter vacation at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. J. C. Purple. Miss Neff will stay with her sister for the remainder of the holidays.

Gordon Agar and Keith Thompson, of Cereal, were chinook callers on Tuesday evening.

A. J. Mumford, who spent the winter in Winnipeg, returned Wednesday morning.

Wm. Young, who spent the winter at Kilam, returned to his farm here on Monday.

Chinook citizens are pleased to see Lorne Proudfoot, M.L.A., around town again, he having returned from Edmonton Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Lensgraf, who have been visiting with different members of their family in the United States, returned Wednesday morning to their home here.

Mrs. W. A. Hurley has sold her grocery business to Miss Margaret Bayley, and will shortly leave to take up residence in the East. Miss Bayley clerked for the late W. A. Hurley for six years during which time she became thor-

oughly conversant with every detail of the grocery business and will doubtless achieve success in her business venture.

Word was received today by Mrs. Norman Stewart that her brother, John McColl, of Edmonton, had been killed in an automobile accident. Mr. McColl was at one time M.P. for this riding.

Mrs. Gertrude Thompson, who is moving to Calgary shortly has sold her house to Jas. Peyton.

Small Advertisements

For Sale—Good potatoes. Market price. Apply George McIntosh. 1-2.

SEWING MACHINES—Used Machines \$7.50 and up. Oil, Needles and Repairs. Authorized Singer agent. In Chinook once a month. Write C. D. Stephenson, Richdale. 52 St.

For Sale—One Ford Touring Car, 1923 model, in fair condition; cheap for cash, or would trade for young cattle. Also four young pigs for sale at \$5 per pair. Apply to R. J. Marr, S.E. quarter 28 28 R. W. 4th.

Private Sale of Household Articles at small house next to lumber yard, on April 22nd, 1933: Camp stove and pipes, kitchen table and chairs, all kinds of cooking utensils, lamps, clocks, lanterns, wash tubs and board, ironing board, window shades, shovels, mops, kitchen cupboard, pails and crocks, linoleum, wall paper, dishes, cotton mattress like new, roll of leatherette for upholstery, two inside doors. Mrs. M. Clausen. 1-11

Job Printing

in all its branches, promptly and neatly executed and at prices that will compete with outside firms.

Chinook Advance

Sir Thomas Horder, distinguished physician of London, England, has stated:

"The willing and happy worker will get more work done and do it better than the unwilling and discontented worker. It is in this direction that alcoholic beverages like beer make their great contribution to economic efficiency.

"Appetite is a function of the brain as much or even more than of the stomach, and its importance in the physiology of digestion and nutrition is very great. It is stimulated by a moderate use of such a beverage as beer, and at the same time zest is given to life which results in larger and richer activities."

Phone ... 648
Drumheller

AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA
DISTRIBUTORS LIMITED

This advertisement is not published by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

Try Advertising

If you are in the habit of ADVERTISING when times are good, why not make a special effort when times are tough

It Might Help